COSCDF

PURPOSE

Compute the cosine cumulative distribution function.

DESCRIPTION

The cosine distribution has the following probability density function:

 $f(x) = \frac{1 + \cos(x)}{2\Pi}$ $-\Pi \le x \le \Pi$ (EQ Aux-76)

The cumulative distribution is the area under the curve from -PI to x (i.e., the integral of the above function). It has the formula:

$$F(x) = \frac{\Pi + x + \sin(x)}{2\Pi} - \Pi \le x \le \Pi$$
 (EQ Aux-77)

SYNTAX

LET <y2> = COSCDF(<y1>) where <y1> is a number, parameter or variable; <SUBSET/EXCEPT/FOR qualification>

 $\langle y2 \rangle$ is a variable or a parameter (depending on what $\langle y1 \rangle$ is) where the computed cosine cdf value is stored; and where the $\langle SUBSET/EXCEPT/FOR$ qualification \rangle is optional.

EXAMPLES

LET A = COSCDF(3) LET A = COSCDF(A1)

DEFAULT

None

SYNONYMS

None

RELATED COMMANDS

COSPDF	=	Compute the cosine probability density function.
COSPPF	=	Compute the cosine percent point function.
NORCDF	=	Compute the normal cumulative distribution function.
NORPDF	=	Compute the normal probability density function.
NORPPF	=	Compute the normal percent point function.
UNICDF	=	Compute the uniform cumulative distribution function.
UNIPDF	=	Compute the uniform probability density function.
UNIPPF	=	Compute the uniform percent point function.

REFERENCE

"Some Useful Alternatives to the Normal Distribution," Chew, The American Statistician, June, 1968.

APPLICATIONS

Data Analysis

IMPLEMENTATION DATE

95/4

PROGRAM

TITLE AUTOMATIC XLIMITS -3 3 XTIC OFFSET 0.2 0.2 LET LOWER = -PI LET UPPER = PI PLOT COSCDF(X) FOR X = LOWER 0.01 UPPER

