SET PATH

PURPOSE
Specify the name of the directory where DATAPLOT's on-line auxiliary files are stored.

DESCRIPTION
The DATAPLOT distribution comes with a large number of on-line sample data files, macro and program files, and experiment design files. Typically, these files can be accessed in the READ, CALL, and LIST commands without specifying a path (catalog or directory on some platforms). However, if the local implementor has not specified this path correctly in the DATAPLOT source code, DATAPLOT may not be able to find them. The SET PATH command can be used to tell DATAPLOT where to locate them. Check with your local implementor (i.e., the person who installed the version of DATAPLOT on your system) for the correct path.

SYNTAX
SET PATH <string>
where <string> specifies the desired path name.

EXAMPLES
SET PATH D:\DATAPLOT
SET PATH /usr/local/lib/dataplot

NOTE
The SET PATH command is usually placed in one of the DATAPLOT login files (DPSYSF.TEX or DPLOGF.TEX).

DEFAULT
On the IBM/PC, the default path is C:\DATAPLOT. On most Unix implementations, the default path is /usr/local/lib/dataplot. The SET PATH command is not needed on these systems unless the files are not stored in these directories. Other platforms do not have a consistent default path name. The SET PATH command may be required on these systems.

SYNONYMS
None

RELATED COMMANDS
LIST	=	List the contents of a file.
READ	=	Read data from a file.
CALL	=	Execute commands stored in a file.

APPLICATIONS
Accessing DATAPLOT auxiliary files

IMPLEMENTATION DATE
94/1

PROGRAM
SET PATH /usr/local/dataplot/auxillary
LIST BERGER1.DAT FOR I = 1 1 30